

ARCHITECTURE & DESIGN

🕒 Time to walk
Approx 50. mins

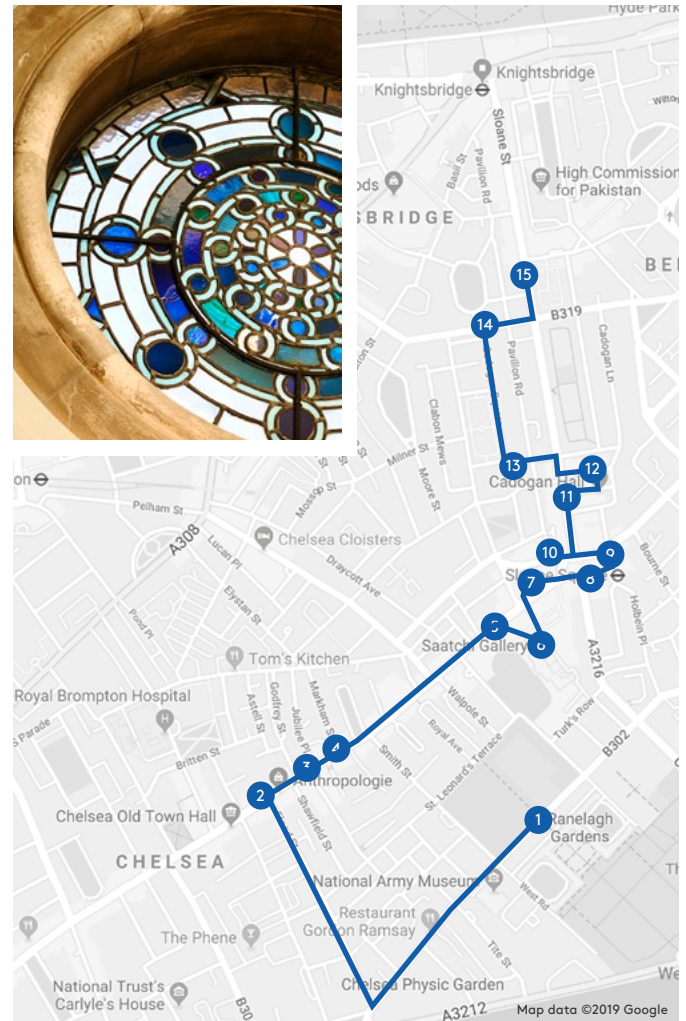
Peel back the layers of history enveloping trend-setting Chelsea's most enduring architectural and design treasures to discover the first 'new town', curious details and award-winning contemporary structures. You're following in the footsteps of three centuries of architecture and design icons, from Sir Christopher Wren and William Morris to Arne Jacobson.

Kick off your tour by taking in the enormous wooden door, Doric columns and cupola of the **1 Royal Hospital Chelsea**, home to the scarlet-coated Chelsea Pensioners and a larger-than-life gold statue of Charles II. Open to the public, the original buildings are the work of Sir Christopher Wren (1632-1723), who also designed St Paul's Cathedral and Hampton Court Palace's facade. Robert Adam (1728-92) and Sir John Soane (1753-1837) have also left their marks on the site.



Meander through the streets to a Chelsea institution: The Gaumont. A striking brutalist building with art-deco embellishments, home of the **2 Curzon Chelsea cinema** on the King's Road. (Currently under redevelopment, including restoration of the period façade, the cinema will reopen in 2027.) Designed by Scottish architect William Edward Trent, the building opened in 1934 as the Gaumont Palace Theatre, but the site's significance goes even further back. Turn your eyes towards the top of the art deco façade to the bas-relief faces; the masks of comedy and tragedy flank the face of William Friese-Greene, a cinematography pioneer who had a studio here in the late 19th century.

Just along the King's Road, at **3 number 131-141** (Anthropologie), stands a flamboyant building with green, art nouveau tiles, stained-



glass windows and a domed cupola. If you think it looks a bit like a pub, that's because it was meant to – minus one key ingredient! It's one of a series of billiard halls built by the temperance movement to rival the opulent pubs of the late 19th century. A few more steps along the King's Road is **4 The Pheasantry**. You can't miss the curious triumphal entrance arch, added in 1881. The building's history is equally captivating. It's been a pheasant-breeding business (hence the unusual name), a ballet studio, a club frequented by Dylan Thomas and Humphrey Bogart, and studios used by Eric Clapton and Germaine Greer. Today, Pizza Express Live continues The Pheasantry's musical legacy.

Take a 15-minute walk to the award-winning **5 Vardo restaurant building** in Duke of York Square. The contemporary, three-storey, stone-and-glass structure with a spiralling façade is the first in the UK with fully retractable curved glass walls; the public roof



terrace is an excellent viewpoint across the largely Grade II-listed Square. Look for the **6 Saatchi Gallery** Gallery set in the Duke of York's Headquarters, an imposing Georgian building with a grand portico entrance. Now home to a world-famous collection of contemporary art, in the past the building has housed the orphaned children of soldiers', World War II spy trials, and various British Army offices.

Where the bustling King's Road meets Sloane Square is the sweeping steel-and-glass façade of **7 Peter Jones & Partners** department store. Dating from the 1930s, the art deco building is listed as the UK's first example of glass curtain walling. Across Sloane Square, just outside the Underground Station, is a rather peculiar, beehive-like structure: **8 Haines of Sloane Square**, London's oldest news kiosk. When the current owner's great-grandfather opened the kiosk in 1892 it was little more than a wooden box. Its current incarnation is the result of a re-imagining of several kiosks by Thomas Heatherwick, the inimitable designer behind London's Routemaster buses and the 2012 Olympic Cauldron. Just behind the kiosk, the moulded red-brick and stone **9 Royal Court Theatre** stands in stark contrast to the neighbouring concrete and glass offices. Dating from 1888, the building was designed by Walter Emden, a leading English theatre and music hall architect, who

also happened to design Liberty's. Around the corner on Pavilion Road is **10 the flagship shop of David Mellor**, the Royal Designer for Industry behind the modern traffic light.

A few minutes away on Sloane Street, the late-Gothic style **11 Holy Trinity Sloane Square church** is decked out with sumptuous fittings, art nouveau ironwork and finely crafted stonework. Don't miss the Great East Window, designed by Edward Burne-Jones and William Morris; it's the largest window ever made by William Morris & Co. No wonder poet John Betjeman called the place the "Cathedral of the Arts and Crafts movement". There's more stained glass to admire in **12 Cadogan Hall**, around the corner on Sloane Terrace. Originally completed in 1907 as a Christian Science Church, it's now the home of the Royal Philharmonic Orchestra. Don't miss the beautiful stained-glass windows by Rosenkratz, who trained with Tiffany in NYC.

Now take a five-minute jaunt to **13 123 Sloane Street**. Dating from 1777, this elegant Georgian building is one of the neighbourhood's few surviving original Henry Holland-designed houses. The 1st Earl Cadogan leased the land to architect and property developer Holland, who transformed it from a notorious spot for highwaymen (complete with 'Bloody Bridge') into the first purpose-built highly fashionable 'new town'.

Fast forward to 1888 as you walk along Cadogan Square, to see fine examples of the Queen Anne revival style by influential architects Richard Norman Shaw, J J Stevenson and Ernest George on the south and western terraces. Keep going towards **14 Pont Street** and its pleasingly quirky, red-brick gabled houses. These tall houses, built by the same architects, were so recognisable that they prompted the term 'Pont Street Dutch'. Finish your tour at the metal-and-glass **15 Embassy of Denmark**, number 55 Sloane Street. It's a lesson in modernist design from famous Danish architect Arne Jacobsen, the design visionary responsible for some of the 20th century's most iconic furniture, including the Egg chair.